

C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

Summer Examination-2017

Subject Name : Linear Algebra-II

Subject Code : 4SC04MTC2

Branch : B.Sc.(Mathematics, Physics)

Semester : 4

Date: 18/04/2017

Time : 10:30 To 01:30

Marks : 70

Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

- Q-1 Attempt the following questions: (14)**
- a) Define: Distance between two vectors (1)
 - b) Find angle between $(-x, y, w, z)$ and (y, x, z, w) . (1)
 - c) State any one property of determinant. (1)
 - d) True/false: $(W^\perp)^\perp = W$. (1)
 - e) Define : $C[0,1]$. (1)
 - f) Write the standard form of imaginary ellipse. (1)
 - g) What is characteristic vector. (1)
 - h) True/false: If T is symmetric linear transformation then the matrix associated with T is always symmetric. (1)
 - i) What do you mean by Conics and Quadrics ? (1)
 - j) Define : Orthonormal vectors. (1)
 - k) Find inner product of $(3,-1,6)$ and $(5,-1,2)$. (1)
 - l) What is symmetric linear transformation. (1)
 - m) True/false: Every orthonormal vectors are orthogonal. (1)
 - n) If $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ is orthogonal linear transformation and $u = (1, 2, 3)$ then find $\|Tu\|$. (1)

Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8

- Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)**
- a) Define : Orthonormal basis. (2)
 - b) Find the angle between f and g where $f(t) = t$ and $g = h - 3\langle h, f \rangle f$, $h(t) = t^2$, where $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_0^1 f(t)g(t)dt$. (4)
 - c) State and prove Riesz-representation theorem. (8)
- Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)**
- a) Prove that $W \cap W^\perp = \{0\}$. (2)



b) Prove that $\|x\|=\|y\|$ iff $x - y \perp x + y$ (4)

c) Show that medians of triangle are concurrent. (8)

Q-4 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Define : $P_v(u)$ (2)

b) Using Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process find orthonormal basis from the basis $B = \{(2,1,-1), (1,1,1), (0,1,2)\}$. (4)

c) Find $P_v(u)$ and $P_u(v)$ for the following. (8)

(1) $u=(1,-1)$, $v=(-2,3)$.

(2) $u=\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $v=\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Q-5 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Define : Orthogonal linear transformation. (2)

b) If $f : V \rightarrow V$ is any map such that (6)

I. $f(0) = 0$
II. $\|f(x)-f(y)\| = \|x-y\|$,

then show that f is orthogonal linear transformation.

c) With usual notation prove that (6)

$$R_\theta = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \rho_\theta = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & -\cos\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Q-6 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Show that $\det \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix} = a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}$. (4)

b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 \\ -3 & 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then find A^{-1} . (6)

a) Solve the system of equation by Cramer's rule $x + y = 0$, $y + z = 1$, $z + x = -1$. (5)

Q-7 **Attempt all questions** (14)

a) Find $\text{vol}[v_1, v_2, v_3]$ where $v_1 = (\frac{-2}{3}, 0, 0)$, $v_2 = (0, \frac{5}{2}, 0)$, $v_3 = (0, 0, \frac{-7}{5})$ (2)

b) If $x=(x_1, x_2, x_3)$ and $y = (y_1, y_2, y_3)$ then show that (6)



$$x \times y = \begin{pmatrix} x_2y_3 - x_3y_2 \\ x_3y_1 - x_1y_3 \\ x_1y_2 - x_2y_1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

c) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 8 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 & 0 \\ 4 & 7 & 10 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (6)

Then compute $\det A$ using column vectors and inner product.

Q-8

Attempt all questions

(14)

a) Write only the standard equations for the following conics and quadrics. (2)

(1) Point Ellipse (2) Hyperbolic Cylinder.

b) Let $T: V \rightarrow V$ is symmetric linear transformation then show that the Eigen vectors v_1 and v_2 with respect to Eigen values λ_1 and λ_2 ($\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$) are orthogonal. (2)

c) Reduce the equation $4xz + 4y^2 + 8y + 8 = 0$ into standard form also determine the quadrics. (10)

